



Compliant SDS for GHS: HazCom 2012 / United States; WHMIS 2015 / Canada

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diesel Cold Flow

Section 1. Identification Date Version			03/15/2017 1.1
GHS product identifier	: Diesel Cold Flow		
Code	: ADD		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Identified uses	: Diesel Fuel Additive.		
Manufacturer	: AMSOIL INC. One AMSOIL Center Superior, WI 54880 Tel: +1 715-392-7101		
Initial Supplier (Canada)	: AMSOIL INC. Bordner, Ladner, Gervais Scotia Plaza, 40 King St W Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 3Y4 Tel: +1 416-367-6547		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300; Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls a (24/7)	ccepted)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	



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Signal word Hazard statements	 Danger Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise clas	sified (HNOC)
Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	: None known.
Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC)	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
Product code	÷	ADD

Diesel Cold Flow

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	60 - 80	64742-95-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	15 - 25	95-63-6
2-Butoxyethanol	5 - 10	111-76-2
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-94-5)	5 - 10	64742-94-5
Xylene	5 - 10	1330-20-7
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	1 - 5	104-76-7
Ethylbenzene	1 - 5	100-41-4
Cumene	0.1 - 1	98-82-8
Naphthalene	0.1 - 1	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important sympt	oms/effects. acute and delaved

<u>most important symptoms/enects, acute and delayed</u>		
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

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Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	 Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	
Spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Avoid contact with used product. Do not reuse container.

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Under conditions which may generate mists, the following exposure limits are recommended: ACGIH TLV TWA: 5 mg/m^3 ; STEL: 10 mg/m^3 .

United States

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).

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<u>Canada</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Cumene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 246 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 246 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

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	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 74 ppm 15 minutes.
Nanhthalana	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin.
Naphthalene	
	15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	15 min OEL: 79 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 79 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 79 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	P.P.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>	
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contamina Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash station		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
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Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Amber.
Odor	1	Aromatic hydrocarbon.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not available.
Melting point	1	-38°C (-36.4°F)
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 46°C (114.8°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	0.8855
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic: 0.031 cm ² /s (3.1 cSt) (40°C)
Volatility	:	Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1970 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3730 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 µL	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-94-5)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µL	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
•	Eves - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 µL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-

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2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	20 µg	-	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	415 mg	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 ml	-	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-	
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-	
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 mg	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 mg	-	
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-	

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol Cumene	0,	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-94-5)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

pa Wa	dverse symptoms may include the following: ain or irritation atering dness
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Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Immediate effects Potential immediate effects Potential immediate effects Immediate effects Potential immediate effects Immediate effects Potential delayed effects Immediate effects Potential immediate effects Immediate effects Potential delayed effects Immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Immediate effects Potential delayed effects Immediate effects

Potential chronic health e	<u>ffects</u>
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5588.3 mg/kg
Dermal	8638.3 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	44621.2 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	66.65 mg/L

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity



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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	Acute LC50 28200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 13300 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13900 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low	
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low	
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-94-5)	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high	
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	2.9	25.33	low	
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
Cumene	3.55	94.69	low	
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

- : There is no data available.

- Other adverse effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Diesel Cold Flow

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha, light arom., 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene) RQ (Xylene, Naphthalene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (Solvent naphtha, light arom., 1,2, 4-Trimethylbenzene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha, light arom., 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene). Marine pollutant (1,2, 4-Trimethylbenzene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S (Solvent naphtha, light arom., 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3		3
Packing group	Ш	Ш		111
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	This product may be re- classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity. Reportable quantity 1713.7 lbs / 778.01 kg [232.1 gal / 878.61 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Remarks	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2. 19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Remarks Limited quantity	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Remarks Limited quantity	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Remarks Limited quantity
	Limited quantity			

DOT-RQ Details

: Xylene Naphthalene 100 lbs / 45.4 kg [13.946 gal / 52.791 L] 100 lbs / 45.4 kg

FREE CATALOG

SAVE UP TO 25%

ADD

Diesel Cold Flow

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information on ingredients			
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.		
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification	: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard		

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Solvent naphtha, light arom.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-Butoxyethanol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Naphthalene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313



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Form R - Reporting

Product name	CAS number	%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 2-Butoxyethanol	95-63-6 111-76-2	15 - 25 5 - 10

requirements		1330-20-7 100-41-4	5 - 10 5 - 10 1 - 5 0.1 - 1
Supplier notification	2-Butoxyethanol Xylene Ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 100-41-4	15 - 25 5 - 10 5 - 10 1 - 5 0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol; Ethylbenzene
New York	: The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Cumene; Naphthalene
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Cumene; Naphthalene
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol; Ethylbenzene; Cumene; Naphthalene

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	Yes.		41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
Cumene				No.
Naphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	 The following components are listed: Solvent naphtha, light arom.; 1,2, 4-Trimethylbenzene; 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-94-5); Ethylbenzene
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Naphthalene
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 03/15/2017
Date of previous issue	: 02/28/2017
Version	: 1.1
Prepared by	: AMSOIL INC.

Date of issue : 03/15/2017





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Notice to reader

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